

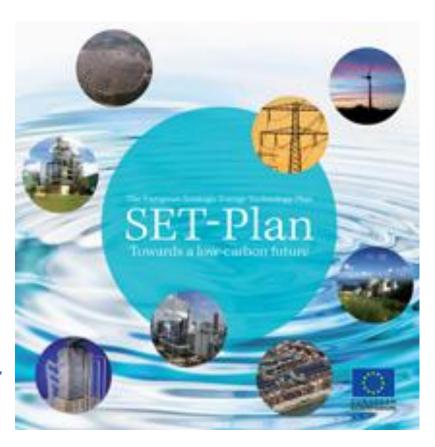
Energy Technologies and Innovation in Europe



SET Plan adopted in 2008

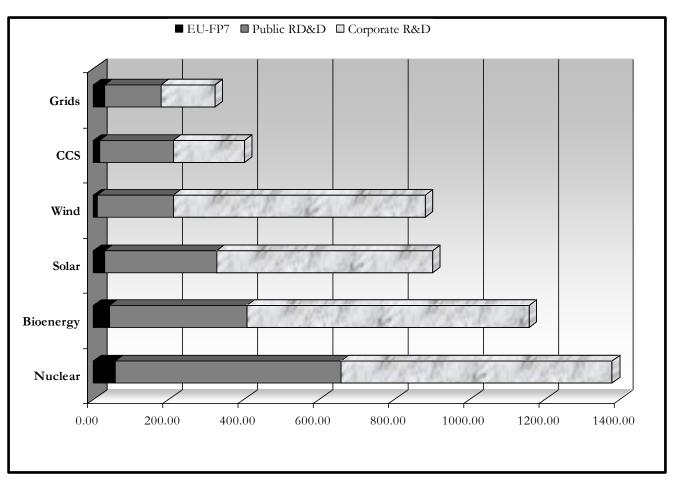


- Focus on technologies with market impact up to 2020 (set up of EIIs)
 - Wind
 - Solar
 - Electricity grids
 - CCS
 - Bioenergy
 - Nuclear
 - Smart Cities and Communities
 - Fuel cells and hydrogen
- Focus on longer-term research actions beyond 2020 (set up of EERA)
- Financing



SET Plan R&D investments in 2010

Almost a doubling compared to 2007

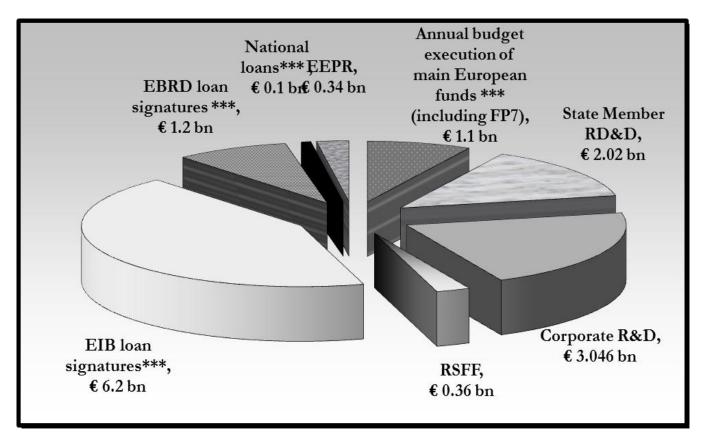


Public and corporate R&D by SET Plan technologies and source (2010) - EEPR funding is not included – Source: JRC/SETIS (COM(2013) 253 final)

From research to deployment



Example of renewables

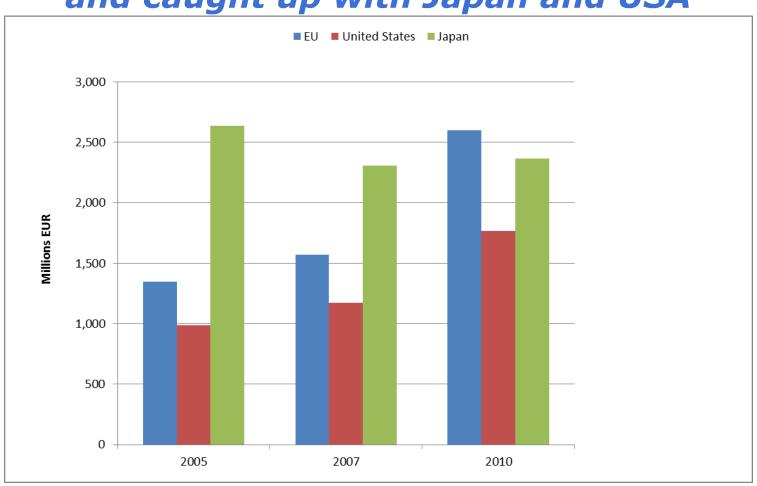


Indicative distribution of the financial support of the main bodies involved in financing energy efficiency projects, RES RD&D and deployment programs for the year 2010 – Source: JRC/SETIS (SWD(2013) 157 final)

EU public R&D spending for energy



Increased over 2007- 2010 and caught up with Japan and USA



Source: JRC/SETIS

Subsidies



Production costs versus subsidies for renewables

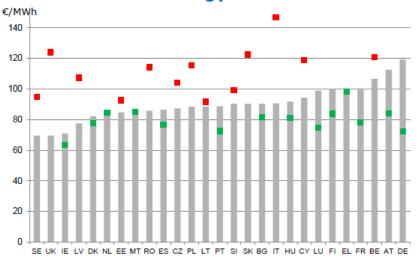
(averages, in €/MWh, latest year available)

Production costs

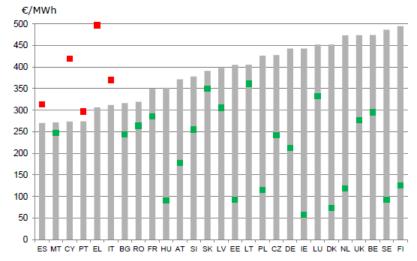
Subsidies over production costs

Subsidies below production costs

Wind energy on-shore



Solar energy (photovoltaics)





Average employment over the life of a facility (jobs/MW)

	Construction, manufacturing, installation	Operation & maintenance and fuel processing	Total employment
Solar PV	5.76-6.21	1.20-4.80	7.41-10.56
Wind	0.43-2.51	0.27	0.71-2.79
Biomass	0.40	0.38-2.44	0.78-2.84
Coal	0.27	1.01	0.74
Gas	0.25	0.70	0.95

Sources: Kammen et al. (2006) cited in Fankhauser, 2008.

New challenges



New realities in the global energy market

Competitiveness

→ Energy cost

Impact of the financial crisis

Fall in private investment, tight financing conditions

* Get your free carbon here
Ext Foreign age price. Get foreign

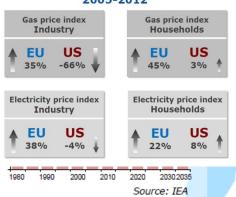
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Fukushima



Some countries phase out nuclear power production

Trends in energy price indexes 2005-2012



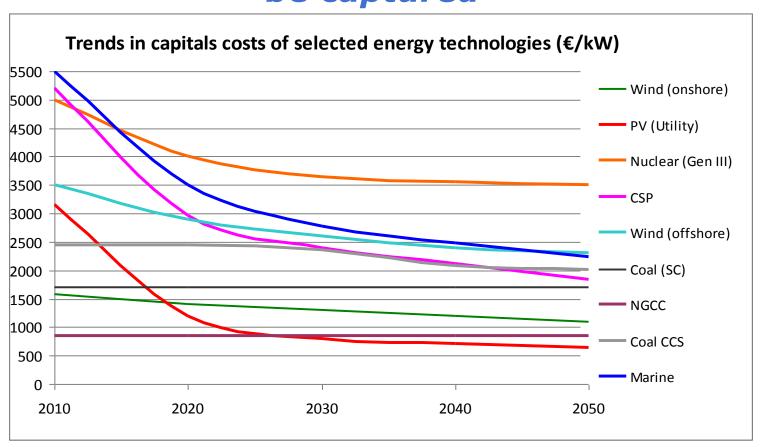
Rising demand
rising prices

By 2030, world economy
set to double and energy
demand to rise by 1/3





Remains a significant potential for innovation to be captured



Capital cost reductions for selected energy technologies in absolute values - Source: JRC-SETIS SWD(2013)158 final

Key principles



For new challenges post 2020

- Adding value at the EU level
- Looking at the whole energy system
- Bridging research and innovation with energy policy
- Making better use of existing and increased financial resources
- Keep options open
- Harness endogenous resources



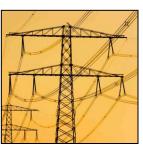
Key developement needed (1)



(a) Unlocking the full potential of energy efficiency, focusing on end use consumption







- Buildings and industry to save money, be less dependent on energy prices and more competitive
- More optimal use of the grid, with increased demand side participation, including demand response, brings savings to consumers and benefits to operators
- Market uptake measures crucial to build the capacity of market actors and support innovative financing solutions

Key developement needed (2)



(b) Delivering solutions for a competitive & sustainable energy system

- Flexibility and security of the European energy system (i.e. electricity grids to take more RES, energy storage)
- **Continuity** of electricity supply and rationalise demand for infrastructure (e.g. demand response, local flexibility)
- Active consumer participation
- Open and flexible approach to further development of a portfolio of cost effective and sustainable energy solutions
- **Interfaces** with other sectors (e.g. new material, KET such as ICT, advanced manufacturing processes)



Key developement needed (3)



(c) Fostering innovation in real environments

Market uptake measures supporting policy implementation for grids, renewable energy and energy efficiency and

- Building the capacity of market actors
- Supporting the development of innovative financing solutions

Particular focus on cities through Smart Cities and Communities

- Innovation at the intersection of energy, transport and ICT
- Demonstrate commercial scale urban solutions



ETI strategy – Implementation (1) European Commission

Making better using of existing financial resources

Coordination of R&D energy programmes through

- Alignment, joint actions between MSs and / or with the EU
- Structural and Investment Funds of regional policy
- Connecting Europe Facility
- ETS financing mechanisms

Financing mechanisms according to development stage

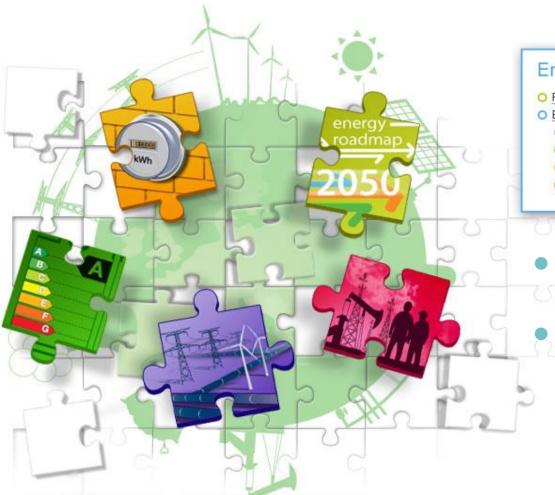
- Access to Risk Financing Facility
- European Investment Bank instruments



ETI strategy – Implementation (2)



Strengthening the link with energy policy



Energy initiatives

- O Roadmap 2050
- O Energy 2020
 - European infrastructure
 - Energy efficiency
 - Smart Grids
 - International cooperation





- Tackling regulatory barriers
 - Reinforce the role of technology and innovation within energy policy:
 - Triggering new business models



Implementing Actions

- Integrated Roadmap
- Action Plan
- Robust reporting system
- a new coordination structure under the SET plan SG on energy efficiency
- New competences: e.g. nontechnological barriers
- External Dimension



Average household electricity prices, 2035

5

China



Commission

IEA: Electricity prices are set to increase with the highest prices persisting in the European Union & Japan, well above those in China & the United States

European Union

United States

average

Japan

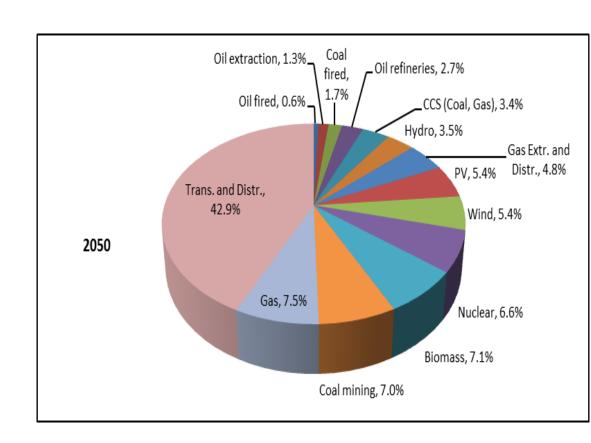


Energy sector

2010

1.5% of total EU employees

2050 –1.7% of EU employees in







Getting all the pieces together

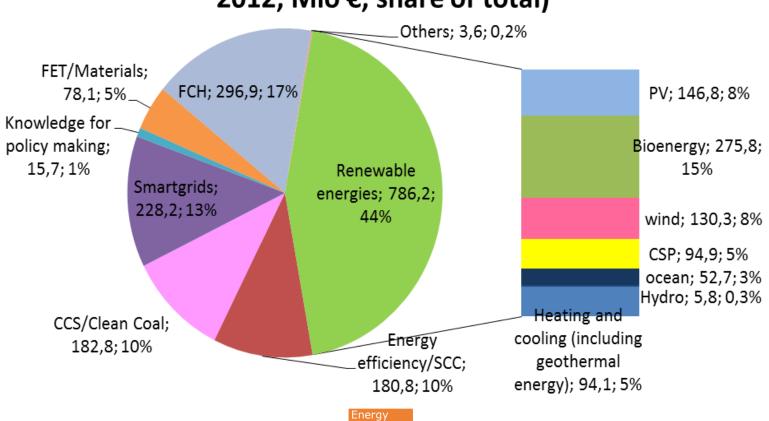
Thank you for your attention

EU support to SET Plan (1)



7th FP - Funding for sustainable energy (calls 2007-2012)

EU contribution per activity (FP7 Energy, 2007-2012; Mio €; share of total)



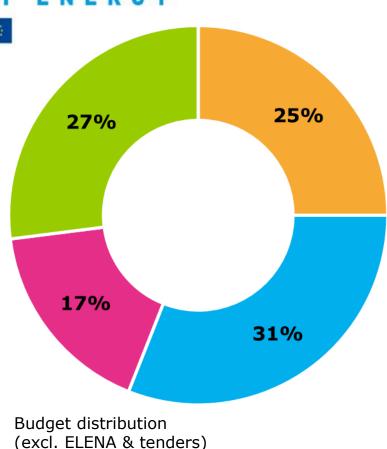
EU support to tackling non-technological barriers (IEE II)



The EU funding programme for the market uptake of sustainable energy solutions

EU contribution: 732 million € from 2007 to 2013

300+ EU projects (2007-2011) with more than 2,500 market actors



European Commission

- SAVE Energy efficiency in buildings, products and industry
- ALTENER -Renewable energy sources
- STEER Energy use in transport

INTEGRATED Projects addressing
 both energy
 efficiency and
 renewables