















European Federation

and Woodworkers

of Building



Brussels, 21 June 2017

Right to Energy for All Europeans

The figures on energy poverty in Europe are sobering. Up to 125 million Europeans cannot adequately heat their homes. 80 million Europeans live in damp homes. Excess winter deaths represent 200.000 deaths every year, half of them directly linked to cold homes.

Energy poverty can be explained by three interconnected causes: high energy prices, low incomes, and energy inefficient housing (representing a staggering 75% of the building stock in the EU). Energy poverty impacts the most vulnerable populations first: the elderly, children, and single-parent households (women representing 80% of them). Overcoming this pressing social issue will require a holistic political approach, linking social and environmental policy. The economic crisis, ensuing austerity policies and the growing precariousness of the labour market remain the main drivers of the rise of poverty in Europe, however, it is crucial to recognize the role of energy policies in the rise of this issue.

Access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy has been identified as one of the UN Sustainable Development Goals. Energy poverty is also increasingly recognised by European institutions. In 2009, it was included in European legislation, and in the Commission's 2030 *Clean Energy for All Europeans* package. Awareness is also increasing at national levels, as more and more public bodies, organisations and social movements deepen their understanding of the specificity of energy poverty. But awareness alone will not deliver: it is time for political action to fight energy poverty at the European level.

Tackling energy poverty requires transforming our energy systems. Increased energy efficiency, through massive renovation efforts across Europe, and switching to citizen and community-owned renewable energy production have a key part to play to reduce energy poverty. EU policies must ensure people, in particular low-income households, can be part of and benefit from the transition and are not left to foot the bill. All citizens should have access to affordable and renewable energy and energy efficient housing.

As a coalition of unions, anti-poverty organisations and environmental NGOs, we are committed to join efforts to fight energy poverty and defend the right to renewable energy for all. We demand:

- the recognition of affordable energy as a basic human right in EU legislation;
- the banning of disconnections for low-income households and vulnerable consumers;

- the prioritisation of lower-income households in energy efficiency renovation initiatives; ensuring no additional costs in housing or bills, to tackle one of the root causes of energy poverty;
- more ambitious energy efficiency targets and an acceleration of the energy transition in the 2030 *Clean Energy For All; Europeans* legislative package, in particular to ensure increased investments in building renovations;
- to strengthen specific measures designed to fight energy poverty throughout the European Commission's 2030 Clean Energy For All Europeans legislative package;
- a European-wide definition of energy poverty, and a common EU indicator to track its development, with the support of the newly formed Energy Poverty Observatory;
- the involvement of NGOs, trade unions and people affected by energy poverty in the developments and monitoring of European and Member States action plans.

Signatures:

COFACE - FAMILIES EUROPE www.coface-eu.org

EAPN www.eapn.eu

EFBWW www.efbww.org

EPSU www.epsu.org

ETUC www.etuc.org

Friends of the Earth Europe www.foeeurope.org

FEANTSA www.feantsa.org

Greenpeace www.greenpeace.eu

Droit à l'énergie SOS Futur www.energiesosfutur.org

Social Platform www.socialplatform.org

For more information please contact Guillaume Durivaux, EPSU gdurivaux@epsu.org